User Guide

EVGA X99 Classified Specs and Initial Installation (Part 1)

Table of Contents

Before you Begin……3
Parts Not in the kit……4
Intentions of the kit……4
Motherboard Specifications……5
Unpacking and Parts Descriptions……..7
Equipment……..7
Hardware Installation……..8
Component legend……..……8
PCI-E Slot Breakdown…….....9
Rear I/O Panel legend……..10
Preparing the Motherboard……...11
Installing the CPU……11
Installing the Cooling Device…….……...…….12
Installing System Memory (DIMMs)……...…….....…..……...13
Compliance Information……...14

Before You Begin…

EVGA welcomes you to the next generation of ground breaking performance, the X99 Classified. The X99 platform redefines high performance with the introduction of the first ever quad channel DDR4 architecture fueled by Intel's Haswell-E/Broadwell-E CPU family for up to 128GB's of RAM running at a maximum memory speed up to 3000MHz+ (OC), possible due to the 4 layer memory T-Routing design. Dual 8pin power provides up to 600 watts to the CPU for ample headroom for the most aggressive overclocks, and an Advanced 10 phase Digital VRM (IR3563B+IR3350) and a CPU socket with 150% higher Gold content, all rested on a 8 layer Hybrid Black PCB to provide industry leading stability for all your applications.

Also, the board is not ONLY for peak overclocking, it is also fully featured to support any/all peripherals and functions available, Creative Core-3D audio, 4 way SLI support without the need for PLX chips, Type2 M.2 for WLAN, Type3 M.2 for SSD modules, 2 Intel Gigabit LAN, Intel AIC with Thunderbolt support, right angle power connectors, PCI-E disable switches and much more!

Lastly, a motherboard is only as good as its BIOS, and we have revamped our GUI BIOS with a focus on overclocking, functionality, in a lean, straight forward package. And you should expect nothing less from a modern enthusiast BIOS.

With the features above and many more, EVGA is going to redefine motherboard performance.

Parts NOT in the Kit

This kit contains all the hardware necessary to install and connect your new EVGA X99 Classified Motherboard. However, it does NOT contain the following items that must be purchased separately in order to make the system fully functional and install an Operating System:

- **Intel Socket 2011-3 Processor**
- **DDR4 System Memory**
- **CPU Cooling Device**
- **PCI Express Graphics Card**
- **Power Supply**
- **Hard Drive or SSD**
- **Keyboard / Mouse**
- **Monitor**
- **(Optional) Optical Drive**

EVGA assumes you have purchased all the necessary parts needed to allow for proper system functionality. For a full list of supported CPUs on this motherboard, please visit www.evga.com/support/motherboard

Intentions of the Kit

This kit provides you with the motherboard and all connecting cables necessary to install the motherboard into a PC case.

When replacing a motherboard in a PC case, you will need to reinstall an operating system even though the current storage drive may already have one installed.

Motherboard Specifications

- **Size:**
  EATX form factor of 12 inches x 10.375 inches (305x264mm)
- **Microprocessor support:**
  Intel Socket 2011-3 Processor
- **Operating Systems:**
  Supports Windows 8 / 7
- **Contains Intel X99 chipset**
- **System Memory support:**
  Supports Quad channel DDR4 up to 3000MHz+ (OC).
  Supports up to 128GB of DDR4 memory.
- **USB 2.0 Ports:**
  8x from Intel X99 PCH – 6x external, 2x internal
  Supports hot plug
  Supports wake-up from S1 and S3 mode
  Supports USB 2.0 protocol up to a 480 Mbps transmission rate
- **USB 3.0 Ports:**
  6x from Intel X99 PCH – 4x external, 2x internal
  Supports transfer speeds up to 5Gbps
  Backwards compatible USB 2.0 and USB 1.1 support
- **SATA Ports:**
  Intel X99 PCH Controller
  6x SATA 3/6G (600 MB/s) data transfer rate
  - Support for RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 5, AND RAID 10
  - Supports hot plug
  4x SATA3/6G AHCI Only
- **Onboard LAN:**
  1x Intel i217 Gigabit Ethernet PHY
  1x Intel i210 Gigabit Ethernet MAC
  Supports 10/100/1000 Mb/sec Ethernet

Ethernet Teaming Supported

- **Onboard Audio:**

  Creative Core3D Quad-Core Audio Processor (CA0132)

  Supports 6-channel (5.1) audio

  Supports Optical Output

- **PCI-E 3.0 Support:**

  Low power consumption and power management features

- **Power Functions:**

  Supports ACPI (Advanced Configuration and Power Interface)

  Supports S0 (normal), S1 (power on suspend), S3 (suspend to RAM), S4 (Suspend to disk - depends on OS), and S5 (soft - off)

- **Expansion Slots:**

  5x PCI-E 16x slot 2x16/8, 3x8, 4x8

  1x PCI-E 4x slot

  2x M.2 Ports

  -M.2 Socket 1 (Slot E) shares signal distribution from USB2.0 #3 port, please select the operational mode in BIOS setup menu

  -M.2 Socket 2 (Slot M) shares signal distribution from PE5, please select the operational mode in BIOS setup menu

Unpacking and Parts Descriptions

Equipment

The following accessories are included with the EVGA X99 Classified Motherboard:

The EVGA X99 Classified Motherboard

This PCI-E motherboard contains the Intel X99 chipset.

I/O Shield

Installs in the system case to protect internal components from dust, foreign objects, and aids in proper airflow within the chassis.

6x SATA 6G Data Cables

Used to support the SATA protocol and each one connects a single drive to the motherboard.

I/O Cover

This optional cover attaches to the PCB and covers the I/O area

Installation CD

Contains drivers and software needed to setup the motherboard.

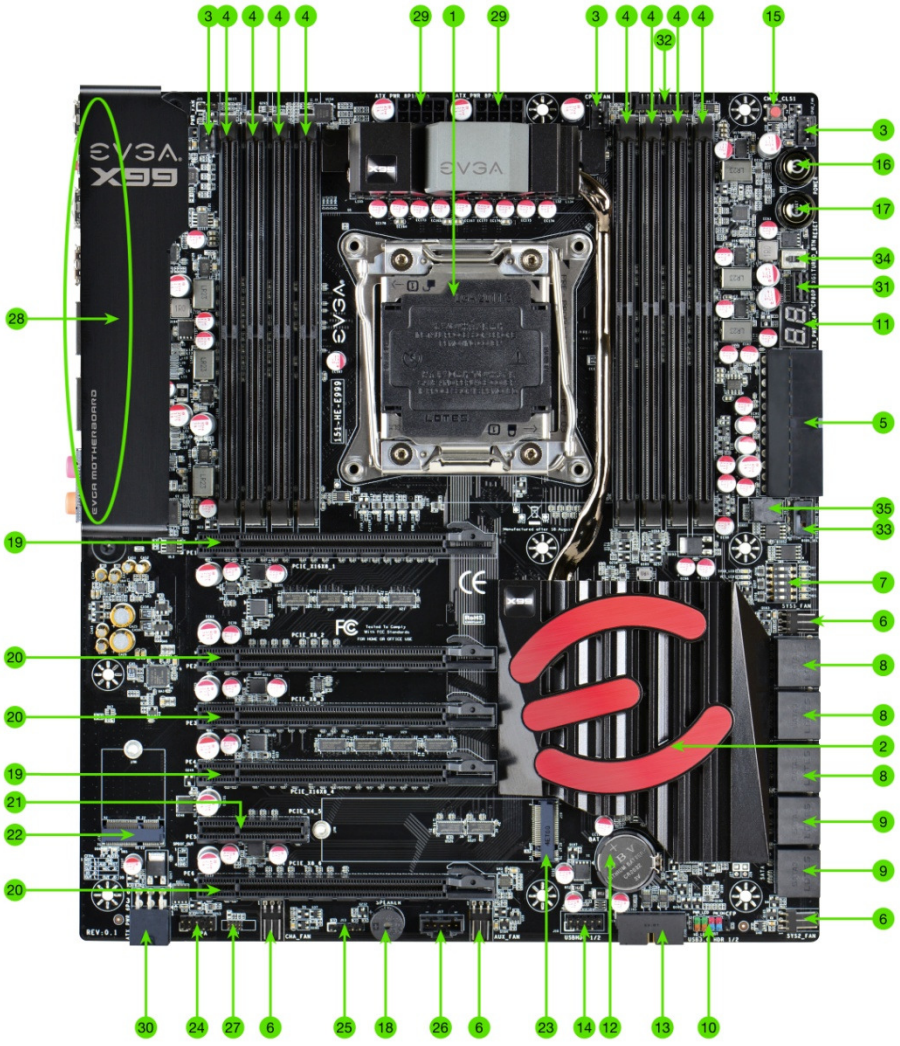
User Manual

The user manual you are reading right now!

Intel X99 Classified Motherboard

The EVGA X99 Classified Motherboard with the Intel X99 and PCH Chipset. Figure 1 shows the motherboard and Figure 2 shows the back panel connectors

FIGURE 1. X99 Classified Motherboard Layout



1. CPU Socket 2011-3	13. USB 3.0 Headers	25. EVGauge
2. Intel X99 Southbridge	14. USB 2.0 Headers	26. Thunderbolt GPIO Connector
3. CPU Fan Header (1 amp PWM)	15. CMOS Reset Button	27. MCU Firmware update connector
4. DDR4 Memory DIMM Slots 1-8	16. Power Button	28. Back Panel Connectors (Figure 2)
5. 24-pin ATX power connector	17. Reset Button	29. 8 pin EPS Connector
6. Fan Headers (1 amp DC)	18. PC Speaker	30. Supplemental PCI-E 6pin Power
7. PCI-E Disable Dipswitches	19. PCI-E Slot 16x/8x	31. GPU Link
8. Intel Sata 6G RAID Ports	20. PCI-E Slot 8x	32. Probe It Header
9. Intel Sata 6G AHCI Ports	21. PCI-E Slot 4x	33. BIOS Selector Switch
10. Front Panel Connectors	22. M.2 (Type2)	34. MCU Turbo Switch
11. Debug LED / CPU Temp Monitor	23. M.2 (Type3)	35. Removable BIOS Chip
12. CMOS Battery	24. Front Panel Audio Connector	

PCI-E Slot Breakdown

PCI-E Lane Distribution (40 Lane Processor)

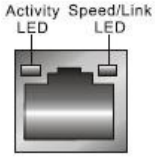
- PE1 – x16 (x8 if PE2 is used)
- PE2 – x8
- PE3 – x8
- PE4 – x16 (x8 if PE3 is used)
- PE5 – x4 (Gen 2 only, 4 lanes pulled from PCH)
- PE6 – x8

PCI-E Lane Distribution (28 Lane Processor)

- PE1 – x16 (x8 if PE2)
- PE2 – x8
- ~~PE3 – x8~~ (Slot is *NOT* functional with a 28 lane processor.)
- PE4 – x8
- PE5 – x4 (Gen 2 only, 4 lanes pulled from PCH)
- PE6 – x4

Figure 2. Chassis Rear Panel Connectors

1. USB 2.0	4. Intel i217 NIC	7. Analog Audio Output Jacks
2. USB 3.0	5. Intel i210 NIC	
3. BIOS/CMOS Reset	6. Optical Out	



Activity LED Status	Description
Off	No data transmission
Blinking (Green)	Data transmission

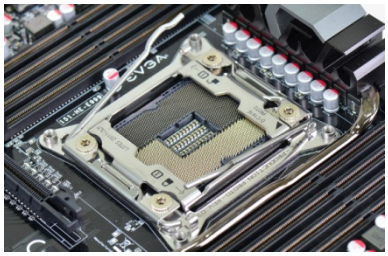
Speed/Link LED Status	Description
Yellow	1000 Mbps data rate
Green	100 Mbps data rate
Off	10 Mbps data rate

Analog Audio Port Breakdown	**2/2.1 (Channel)**	**4.0/4.1 (Channel)**	**5.1 (6 Channel)**
Dark Green	Head Phone	Head Phone	Head Phone
Light Green	Front Speaker / Speaker+Sub Out	Front Speaker/ Speaker+Sub Out	Front Speaker/ Speaker+Sub Out
Pink	Mic / Line In	Mic / Line In	Mic / Line In
Black		Rear Speaker Out	Rear Speaker Out
Orange			Center/Voice channel

Preparing the Motherboard

Installing the CPU

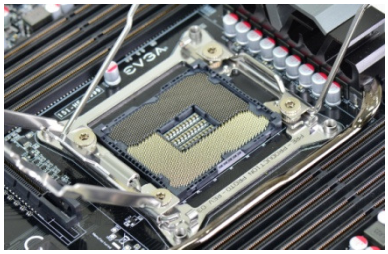
Be very careful when handling the CPU. Hold the processor only by the edges and do not touch the bottom of the processor.



> Note: Use extreme caution when working with the CPU, not to damage any pins in the CPU socket on the motherboard!

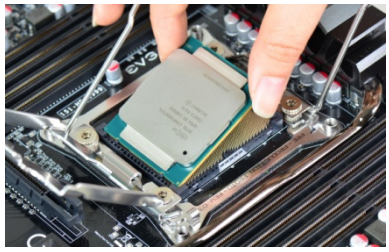
Use the following procedure to install the CPU onto the motherboard:

- Unhook the left socket lever by pushing down and towards the socket.
- Unhook the right socket lever by pushing down and towards the socket.
- Gently press the left socket lever and the load plate will lift from the socket.
- Open the load plate and make sure not to damage any of the pins inside of the socket.



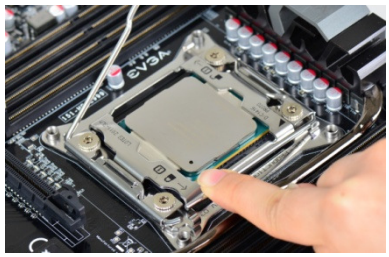
> Note: After removing the CPU socket cover, it is recommended to store it in case you ever need to transport your motherboard. If you ever remove the CPU, it is highly recommended to reinstall the socket cover.

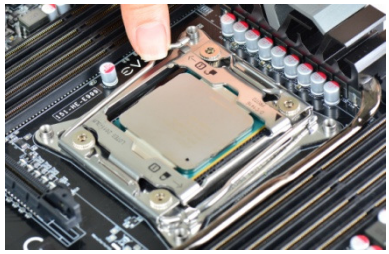
- Align the notches on the CPU to the notches in the socket.
- Lower the processor straight down into the socket.



Note: Make sure the CPU is fully seated and level in the socket.

- Lower the load plate so it is resting on the CPU.
- Press the right socket lever down to lock into place.
- Carefully lock the left lever back into place.



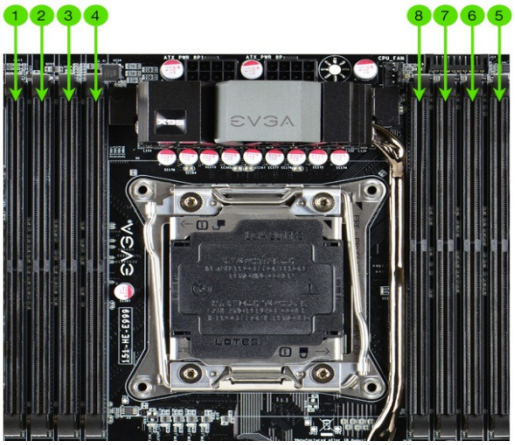


Installing the CPU Cooling Device

There are many different cooling devices that can be used with this motherboard. Follow the instructions that come with your cooling assembly.

Installing System Memory (DIMMs)

Your X99 Classified has (8) 288-pin slots for DDR4 memory. These slots support 2GB, 4GB, 8GB and 16GB DDR4 DIMMs. There must be at least one memory slot populated to ensure normal operation.



The Intel X99 chipset supports quad channel memory; supports a maximum of 128GB of DDR4 and up to 3000MHz+ (OC) in quad channel configuration. It is required to populate an odd slot (1, 3, 5, 7) first. The board will not boot if only even slots (2, 4, 6, 8) are populated.

Use the following procedure to install DIMMs. Note that there is only one gap near the center of the DIMM slots. This slot matches the slot on the DIMM to ensure the component is installed properly.

- Unlock a DIMM slot by pressing the module clips on both sides outward.
- Align the memory module to the DIMM slot, and insert the module vertically into the DIMM slot, pressing straight down to seat the module. The plastic clips at top side of the DIMM slot automatically lock the DIMM into the connector.

Note:	The memory controller on most Haswell-E and Broadwell-E CPUs runs at a default frequency of 2133MHz. To achieve memory speeds above 2133MHz+ may require manual setting of the memory timings, frequency and voltages and/or overclocking of the CPU. Refer to the memory manufacturer specifications for the recommended memory timings. For overclocking support you can visit our forums: http://forums.evga.com/

Compliance Information

FCC Compliance Information

This device complies with FCC Rules Part 15. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation. This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures: (1) Increase the separation between the equipment and signal source, or (2) connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the signal source is connected. Consult the dealer or an experienced computer technician for help. The use of shielded cables for connection of peripheral devices to the PC systems is required to ensure compliance with FCC regulations. Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

CE Compliance Information

Generic Radiation Interference Standard for Information Technology Equipment. (EN 55022: 2006, Class B), (EN 61000-3-2: 2006), (EN 61000-3-3: 1995 + A1: 2001 + A2: 2005). Warning: This is a Class B product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measure. Generic Immunity Standard for Information Technology Equipment. (EN 55024: 1998 + A1: 2001 + A2: 2003).

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Ver. 2

User Guide

EVGA X99 Motherboard Installation (Part 2)

Table of Contents

Installing the Motherboard……3
Installing the I/O Shield/Cover……..…3
Securing the Motherboard into a System Case……....4
Connecting Cables……6
24pin ATX Power (ATX_PWR_24P)……6
8-pin ATX 12V Power (PWR 8P1)……7
Connecting Internal Headers……8
Front Panel Header……...8
USB Headers……9
Audio……...10
PCI-E x16/x8 Slot……...10
Onboard Buttons……11
Clear CMOS Button……11
RESET and POWER Button……...11
Post Debug LED and LED Status Indicators……..12
Post Port Debug LED……12
LED Status Indicators……12
Installing Drivers and Software……...13
Windows 8/7 Driver Installation……13
POST Codes……14
EVGA Glossary of Terms……....18
Compliance Information ……21

Installing the Motherboard

The sequence of installing the motherboard into a system case depends on the chassis you are using and if you are replacing an existing motherboard or working with an empty system case. Determine if it would be easier to make all the connections prior to this step or to secure the motherboard and then make all the connections. It is normally easier to secure the motherboard first.

Use the following procedure to install the I/O shield and secure the motherboard into the chassis.

Note:	Be sure that the CPU fan assembly has enough clearance for the system case covers to lock into place and for the expansion cards. Also make sure the CPU Fan assembly is aligned with the vents on the covers. This will depend on the system case being used.

Installing the I/O Shield/Cover

The motherboard kit comes with an I/O shield that is used to block internal components from dust and foreign objects, and promotes correct airflow within the chassis.

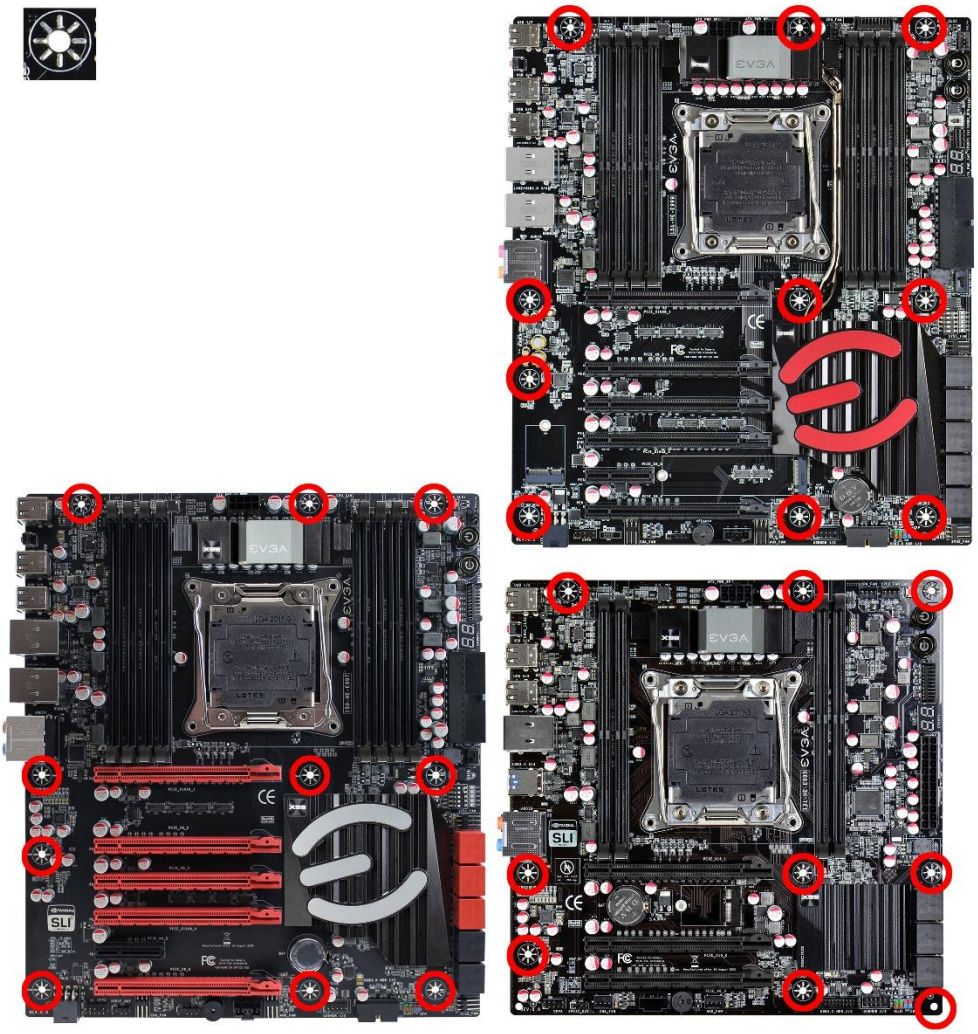
Before installing the motherboard, install the I/O shield from the inside of the chassis. Press the I/O shield into place and make sure it fits securely.

Also included is an I/O cover. This I/O cover adds a unique appearance to the I/O area of the motherboard and is completely optional. If you wish to use the cover, please place it over the I/O area, and install the chassis screws. The chassis screws are intended to hold the I/O cover down.

Securing the Motherboard into a System Case

Most system cases have a base with mounting holes you thread standoffs onto to allow the motherboard to be secured to the chassis and help to prevent short circuits. If there are studs that do not align with a mounting hole on the motherboard, it is recommended that you remove that standoff to prevent the possibility of a short circuit.

- Carefully place the motherboard onto the standoffs located inside the chassis.
- Align the mounting holes with the standoffs.
- Align the connectors to the I/O shield and/or I/O cover.
- Ensure that the fan assembly is aligned with the chassis vents according to the fan assembly instruction.
- Secure the motherboard with nine (9), or ten (10) screws depending on the specific board in the series. Ensure that each screw is lined up with and screwing into the corresponding standoff under the board. Double check alignment to make sure nothing gets cross-threaded.
- See the picture below for a zoomed in view of a hole to use a standoff in as well as the locations of standoff holes for all boards in the X99 series.



- Above, all locations safe to secure the board to a standoff with are circled in red, and the upper left side of that picture is a zoomed in view of the hole.
- Keep in mind that when the screws are installed but not fully tightened, the motherboard should have 1-2mm of movement; this can help with getting cards mounted or other tight tolerance/close fitting cards.

Connecting Cables

This section takes you through all the necessary connections on the motherboard. This will include:

- Power Connections
  - 24pin ATX power (**PW1**)
  - EPS 8pin 12V power
- Internal Headers
  - Front Panel connectors (power/reset/LED's)
  - Fan Headers (PWM for CPU and DC for case fans)
  - USB 2.0 Header
  - USB 3.0 Header
  - Audio Header
  - SATA III
- Rear I/O Panel

24pin ATX Power (ATX_PWR_24P)

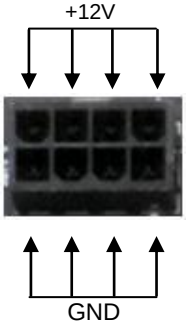
ATX_PWR_24p is the main power supply connector located along the lower right edge of the board. Make sure that the power supply cable and pins are properly aligned with the connector on the motherboard. Firmly plug the power supply cable into the connector and make sure it is secure.
The 24pin Power Connector may be standard or right angled depending on your motherboard model.

24pin Power Connector

Connector	Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
	1	+3.3V	13	+3.3V
	2	+3.3V	14	-12V
	3	GND	15	GND
	4	+5V	16	PS_ON
	5	GND	17	GND
	6	+5V	18	GND
	7	GND	19	GND
	8	PWROK	20	RSVD
	9	+5V_AUX	21	+5V
	10	+12V	22	+5V
	11	+12V	23	+5V
	12	+3.3V	24	GND

EPS 8-pin 12V Power (PWR 8P1)

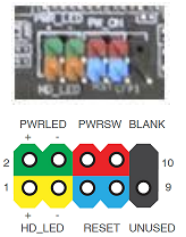
EPS PWR 8P1, the 8-pin ATX 12V power connections, is used to provide power to the CPU. Align the pins to the connector and press firmly until seated. The secondary is optional for improved overclocking. Please remember to make sure that the tab on the EPS socket is aligned with the release clip on the cable, because if they are on opposite sides, while it will be able to fit, it is the incorrect cable and may damage the board, as that is a PCI-E 8pin cable.



Connecting Internal Headers

Front Panel Header

The front panel header on this motherboard is used to connect the following four cables.



- **PWRLED**
  Attach the front panel power LED cable to these two pins of the connector. The Power LED indicates the system's status. When the system is powered on, the LED will be on.

Note: Some system cases may not have all four cables. Be sure to match the name on the connectors to the corresponding pins.

- **PWRSW**
  Attach the power button cable from the case to these two pins. Pressing the power button on the front panel turns the system on and off rather than using the onboard button.

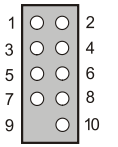
- **HD_LED**
  Attach the hard disk drive indicator LED cable to these two pins. The HDD indicator LED indicates the activity status of the hard disks.

- **RESET**
  Attach the Reset switch cable from the front panel of the case to these two pins.

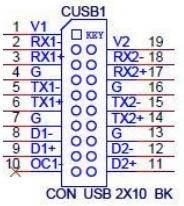
	Pin	Signal
HD_LED	1	HD_PWR
	3	HD Active
PWRLED	2	PWR LED
	4	STBY LED
RESET	5	Ground
	7	RST BTN
PWRSW	6	PWR BTN
	8	Ground
No Connect	9	+5V
Empty	10	Empty

USB Headers

This motherboard contains USB 3.0 and 2.0 ports that are exposed on the rear panel of the chassis. The motherboard also contains 10-pin internal header connectors onboard that can be used to connect an optional external bracket containing up to four (4) USB 2.0 ports. It also has an internal header connector for USB 3.0.

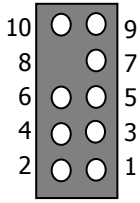
Connector	Pin	Signal
USB 2.0 Header Connector 	1	5V_DUAL
	3	D-
	5	D+
	7	GND
	9	Empty
	Pin	**Signal**
	2	5V_DUAL
	4	D-
	6	D+
	8	GND
	10	No Connect

- Secure the bracket to either the front or rear panel of your chassis (not all chassis are equipped with the front panel option).
- Connect the two ends of the cables to the USB 2.0 or 3.0 headers on the motherboard.



Audio

The audio connector supports HD audio standard and provides two kinds of audio output choices: the Front Audio and the Rear Audio.

Connector	Pin	Signal
Front Audio Connector 	1	PORT1_L
	2	AUD_GND
	3	PORT1_R
	4	PRECENCE_J
	5	PORT2_R
	6	SENSE1_RETURN
	7	SENSE_SEND
	8	Empty
	9	PORT2_L
	10	SENSE2_RETURN

PCI-E x16/x8 Slot

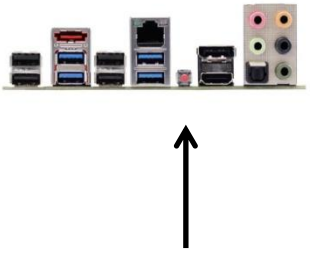
This board has a single PCI-E 16x slot. This is specifically for a video card, however you can place a different card there and use the Intel HD Graphics on the CPU. When installing a PCI-E Graphics Card, be sure the retention clip snaps and locks the card into place. If the card is not seated properly, it could cause a short across the pins. Secure the card's metal bracket to the chassis back panel with the screw used to hold the blank cover.

Onboard Buttons

These onboard buttons include RESET, POWER and Clear CMOS. These functions allow you to easily reset the system, turn on/off the system, or clear the CMOS.

Clear CMOS Button

The motherboard uses the CMOS RAM to store all the set parameters. The CMOS can be cleared by pressing the Clear CMOS button either onboard or on the external I/O Panel.



External Clear CMOS Button

RESET and POWER Button

These onboard buttons allow you to easily turn on/off the system. These buttons allow for easy debugging and testing of the system during troubleshooting situations.

The POWER button with an integrated LED indicates the system's status. When the system is powered on, the LED remains a solid red.

The RESET button with an integrated LED indicates the activity status of the hard disk drives and will flicker accordingly.

Power Button

Reset Button

Post Debug LED and LED Status Indicators

Post Port Debug LED

Provides two-digit diagnostic POST codes which shows system boot status and can also show why the system may be failing to boot. It is very useful during troubleshooting situations.

This Debug LED will display a series of hexadecimal (0-F) codes during the POST and upon a successful boot, will display current CPU socket temperatures after the system has fully booted into the Operating System. See the "POST CODE" section below for more detailed descriptions of specific POST Codes.

Debug LED with CPU Temperature Monitor

LED Status Indicators

Theses LEDs indicate the system's status and are located near the 24pin connector.

- POWER LED (Green):

When the System is powered on: This LED is on.

- DIMM LED (Yellow):

When the Memory slot is functional: This LED is on.

- STANDBY LED (Blue):

When the System is in Standby Mode: This LED is on. This LED will remain on as long as the motherboard is receiving constant power.

Installing Drivers and Software

Note: It is important to remember that before installing the driver CD that is shipped in the kit, you need to load your operating system. The motherboard supports 32bit and 64bit versions of Windows 8 or 7.

The kit comes with a CD that contains utilities, drivers, and additional software.

The CD that has been shipped with the EVGA X99 Motherboard contains the following software and drivers:

- Chipset Drivers
- Audio Drivers
- RAID Drivers
- LAN Drivers
- USB 3.0 Drivers
- ME Drivers
- SATA Drivers
- EVGA E-LEET X
- User's Manual

Windows 8/7 Driver Installation

1. Insert the EVGA X99 installation CD for the motherboard included in the kit.
2. The CD will autorun. Install the drivers and utilities listed on the install screen. If the CD does not run, go to My Computer and click on the CD to open.

POST Codes

This section provides the AMI POST Codes for the EVGA X99 Dark Motherboard during system boot up.

The POST Codes are displayed on the Debug LED readout located directly onboard the motherboard.

This Debug LED will also display current CPU temperatures after the system has fully booted into the Operating System.

Debug LED with CPU Temperature Monitor

AMI POST Codes

01	Power on. Reset type detection (soft/hard).
02	AP initialization before microcode loading
03	North Bridge initialization before microcode loading
04	South Bridge initialization before microcode loading
05	OEM initialization before microcode loading
06	Microcode loading
07	AP initialization after microcode loading
08	North Bridge initialization after microcode loading
09	South Bridge initialization after microcode loading
0A	OEM initialization after microcode loading
0B	Cache initialization
0C-0D	Reserved for future AMI SEC error codes
0E	Microcode not found
0F	Microcode not loaded
10	PEI Core is started
11-14	Pre-memory CPU initialization is started
15-18	Pre-memory North Bridge initialization is started
19-1C	Pre-memory South Bridge initialization is started
1D-2A	OEM pre-memory initialization codes
2B	Memory initialization. Serial Presence Detect (SPD) data reading
2C	Memory initialization. Memory presence detection
2D	Memory initialization. Programming memory timing

	information
2E	Memory initialization. Configuring memory
2F	Memory initialization (other).
30	Reserved for ASL (see ASL Status Codes section below)
31	Memory Installed
32	CPU post-memory initialization is started
33	CPU post-memory initialization. Cache initialization
34	CPU post-memory initialization. Application Processor(s) (AP) initialization
35	CPU post-memory initialization. Boot Strap Processor (BSP) selection
36	CPU post-memory initialization. System Management Mode (SMM) initialization
37-3A	Post-Memory North Bridge initialization is started
3B-3E	Post-Memory South Bridge initialization is started
3F-4E	OEM post memory initialization codes
4F	DXE IPL is started
50	Memory initialization error. Invalid memory type or incompatible memory speed
51	Memory initialization error. SPD reading has failed
52	Memory initialization error. Invalid memory size or memory modules do not match.
53	Memory initialization error. No usable memory detected
54	Unspecified memory initialization error.
55	Memory not installed
56	Invalid CPU type or Speed
57	CPU mismatch
58	CPU self test failed or possible CPU cache error
59	CPU micro-code is not found or micro-code update is failed
5A	Internal CPU error
5B	reset PPI is not available
5C-5F	Reserved for future AMI error codes
E0	S3 Resume is stared (S3 Resume PPI is called by the DXE IPL)
E1	S3 Boot Script execution
E2	Video repost
E3	OS S3 wake vector call
E4-E7	Reserved for future AMI progress codes
E8-EB	S3 Resume Failed
EC-EF	Reserved for future AMI error codes
F0	Recovery condition triggered by firmware (Auto recovery)
F1	Recovery condition triggered by user (Forced recovery)
F2	Recovery process started

F3	Recovery firmware image is found
F4	Recovery firmware image is loaded
F5-F7	Reserved for future AMI progress codes
F8	Recovery PPI is not available
F9	Recovery capsule is not found
FA	Invalid recovery capsule
FB–FF	Reserved for future AMI error codes
60	DXE Core is started
61	NVRAM initialization
62	Installation of the South Bridge Runtime Services
63-67	CPU DXE initialization is started
68	PCI host bridge initialization
69	North Bridge DXE initialization is started
6A	North Bridge DXE SMM initialization is started
6B-6F	North Bridge DXE initialization (North Bridge module specific)
70	South Bridge DXE initialization is started
71	South Bridge DXE SMM initialization is started
72	South Bridge devices initialization
73-77	South Bridge DXE Initialization (South Bridge module specific)
78	ACPI module initialization
79	CSM initialization
7A–7F	Reserved for future AMI DXE codes
80–8F	OEM DXE initialization codes
90	Boot Device Selection (BDS) phase is started
91	Driver connecting is started
92	PCI Bus initialization is started
93	PCI Bus Hot Plug Controller Initialization
94	PCI Bus Enumeration
95	PCI Bus Request Resources
96	PCI Bus Assign Resources
97	Console Output devices connect
98	Console input devices connect
99	Super IO Initialization
9A	USB initialization is started
9B	USB Reset
9C	USB Detect
9D	USB Enable
9E–9F	Reserved for future AMI codes
A0	IDE initialization is started
A1	IDE Reset
A2	IDE Detect
A3	IDE Enable
A4	SCSI initialization is started

A5	SCSI Reset
A6	SCSI Detect
A7	SCSI Enable
A8	Setup Verifying Password
A9	Start of Setup
AA	Reserved for ASL (see ASL Status Codes section below)
AB	Setup Input Wait
AC	Reserved for ASL (see ASL Status Codes section below)
AD	Ready To Boot event
AE	Legacy Boot event
AF	Exit Boot Services event
B0	CPU Memory controller configuration
B1	Runtime Set Virtual Address MAP End
B2	iMC init
B3	Memory training
B4	Memory training
B5	Memory training / timing training
B6	Memory training
B7	Memory training
B8-BF	Memory training / DRAM final configuration
C0–CF	OEM BDS initialization codes
D0	CPU initialization error
D1	North Bridge initialization error
D2	South Bridge initialization error
D3	Some of the Architectural Protocols are not available
D4	PCI resource allocation error. Out of Resources
D5	No Space for Legacy Option ROM
D6	No Console Output Devices are found
D7	No Console Input Devices are found
D8	Invalid password
D9	Error loading Boot Option (Load Image returned error)
DA	Boot Option is failed (Start Image returned error)

EVGA Glossary of Terms

AC – Alternating Current

ACPI - Advanced Configuration and Power Interface

AHCI – Advanced Host Controller Interface

AFR – Alternate Frame Rendering

APIC - Advanced Programmable Interrupt Controller

BCLK – Base Clock (or operating frequency of base system bus)

BIOS - Basic Input Output System

CMOS - Complementary Metal-Oxide Semiconductor

CPU – Central Processing Unit

DDR - Double Data Rate

DIMM - Dual In-line Memory Module

DMI – Direct Memory Interface

DRAM - Dynamic random access memory

DVI – Digital Video Interface

ELEET/ELEET X – EVGA motherboard monitoring and tuning software

GHz – Gigahertz

GPU – Graphics Processing Unit

HDD - Hard Disk Drive

HDMI - High-Definition Multimedia Interface

HDR – High Dynamic Range Lighting

HPET - High Precision Event Timer

HT – Hyper-Threading

HSF - Heat Sink Fan

I/O - Input/ Output

IEEE - Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers

IGP - Integrated Graphics Processors

IMC – Integrated memory controller

IRQ - Interrupt Request

JBOD - Just a Bunch of Disks

JEDEC - Joint Electron Device Engineering Council

LAN - Local Area Network

LCD - Liquid Crystal Display

LGA – Land Grid Array

LN2 – Liquid Nitrogen Cooling

MAC - Media Access Control

MCP - Media and Communications Processor

Intel ME – Intel Management Engine

MHz – Megahertz

MMIO – Memory Mapped I/O

NB - Northbridge

NCQ - Native Command Queuing

NIC - Network Interface Card

NTFS - New Technology File System

OEM - Original Equipment Manufacturer

PATA - Parallel Advanced Technology Attachment

PCB - Printed Circuit Board

PCH – Platform Controller Hub

PCI - Peripheral Component Interconnect

PCI-E - Peripheral Component Interconnect Express

PLL – Phase Locked Loop

POST – Power on Self Test

PWM – Pulse Width Modulation

QDR - Quad Data Rate

QPI – Quick Path Interconnect

RAID - Redundant Array of Inexpensive Disks

RAM – Random Access Memory

ROM – Read Only Memory

RGB - Red Green Blue

SATA - Serial Advanced Technology Attachment

SAS – Serial Attached SCSI

SB - Southbridge

SCSI - Small Computer System Interface

SFR – Split Frame Rendering

SLI - Scalable Link Interface

SPD - Serial Presence Detect

S/PDIF - Sony/Philips Digital Interconnect Format

SPP - System Platform Processors

SSD – Solid State Drive

TCP/IP - Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol

USB - Universal Serial Bus

VDroop - Voltage Droop

VGA - Video Graphics Array

VREG – Voltage Regulator

Compliance Information

FCC Compliance Information

This device complies with FCC Rules Part 15. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation. This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures: (1) Increase the separation between the equipment and signal source, or (2) connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the signal source is connected. Consult the dealer or an experienced computer technician for help. The use of shielded cables for connection of peripheral devices to the PC systems is required to ensure compliance with FCC regulations. Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

CE Compliance Information

Generic Radiation Interference Standard for Information Technology Equipment. (EN 55022: 2006, Class B), (EN 61000-3-2: 2006), (EN 61000-3-3: 1995 + A1: 2001 + A2: 2005). Warning: This is a Class B product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measure. Generic Immunity Standard for Information Technology Equipment. (EN 55024: 1998 + A1: 2001 + A2: 2003).

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Ver. 2